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## **Q&A**

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**Exam** : **P2090-018**

**Title** : IBM Information  
Management DB2 10  
Technical Mastery Test v3

**Version** : Demo

1.What is a DB2 instance?

- A. A DB2 instance is just another name for DB2 Database.
- B. A DB2 instance is a copy of a database that can be accessed standalone from the database server.
- C. A DB2 instance is a logical database manager environment where you catalog databases and set configuration parameters.
- D. DB2 does not use instances. It requires only databases to operate.

**Answer: C**

2.Which of the following options best defines the Label-Based Access Control (LBAC) feature.?

- A. DB2 LBAC allows you to use labels to reference database objects by a short name instead of the full qualified name.
- B. DB2 LBAC lets you decide exactly who has write/read access to individual rows and columns by comparing the security labels between database objects and users.
- C. DB2 LBAC monitors table data access and tables modifications made by database users.
- D. DB2 LBAC is the DB2 authority in charge of issuing GRANT and REVOKE statements.

**Answer: B**

3.Which one of the following options is CORRECT about Temporal Tables?

- A. Temporal tables are complex to maintain and require major application changes.
- B. Temporal tables require constant changes to the operating system timestamp in order to navigate through time in the database.
- C. Temporal tables are used to model data in the past and present. They cannot be used to model data in the future.
- D. Temporal tables are used to model data in the past, present, and future.

**Answer: D**

4.Which one of the following options is FALSE about DB2's Multi-Temperature Data Storage capability?

- A. You can use storage groups to implement multi-temperature data management in DB2.
- B. Multi-temperature data management reduces the total cost of ownership by allowing efficient deployment of storage hardware with minimal administrative overhead.
- C. Multi-temperature data management integrates with DB2's Workload Manager feature to let you prioritize your workloads based on the data being accessed.
- D. Multi-temperature data management best practices recommend that cold data should be stored in faster devices in order to maximize overall system performance.

**Answer: D**

5.Which one of the following options is TRUE about High Availability and Disaster Recovery (HADR) feature?

- A. HADR allows up to two HADR standby databases.
- B. HADR allows up to three HADR standby databases.
- C. HADR allows up to four HADR standby databases.
- D. HADR allows up to five HADR standby databases.

**Answer: B**