

KillTest

Higher Quality, Better Service!



Q&A

<http://www.killtest.com>

We offer free update service for one year.

Exam : **77-725**

Title : Microsoft Word 2016 Core:
Document Creation,
Collaboration and
Communication (MOS)

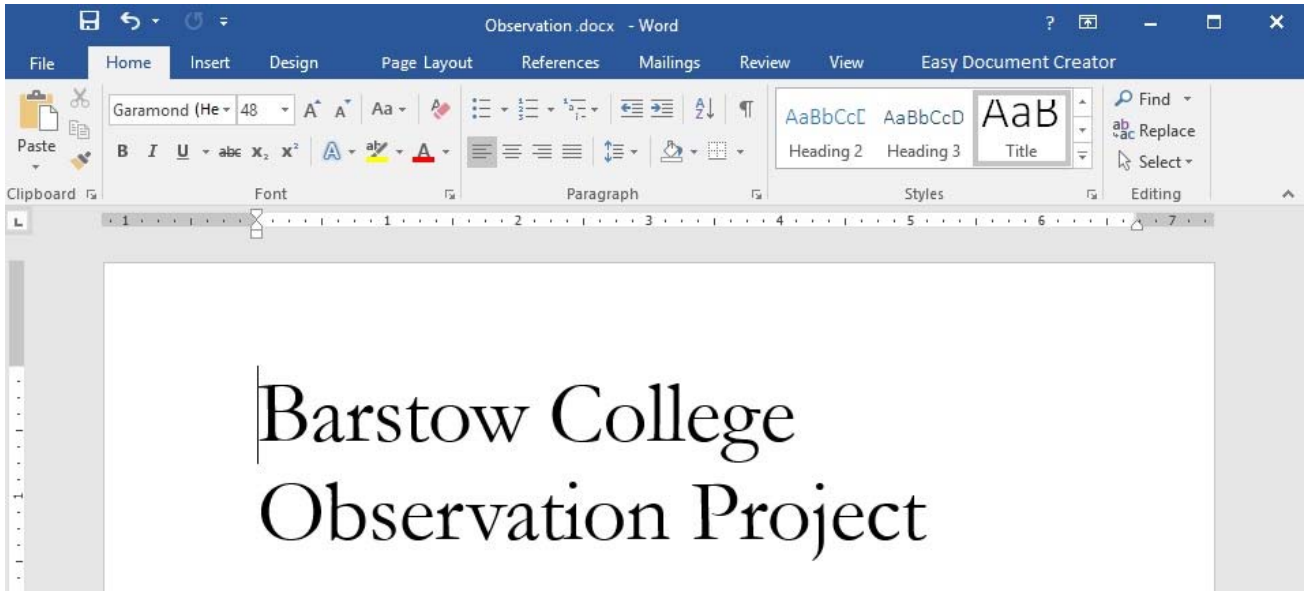
Version : DEMO

1.SIMULATION

Project 1 of 7: Observation

Overview

You are a member of the Barstow College Observation Project committee. You are preparing the initial summary report for this year's count, but have not received all of the data you need to complete the report.



Introduction

The multi-departmental Wildlife Observation Project has completed its wildlife population counts for this year. The counts were made between May 5 and May 7 for both the wilderness and cultivated land areas. This is in line with the count periods for all previous years. The species used for the counts have been identified as common for the region (central Missouri) in which the counts were taken. (Author, 2009) As in previous years, five observation blinds were set up two weeks before the counts were to take place. Counters worked eight-hour shifts providing 24-hour coverage of the count areas for two days. Weather for both observation days was clear and mild (varying between 50-70 degrees F). The results presented here are summary total results only, which counts from five and ten years ago provided for comparison. Detailed observation results will be available as soon as they are completed. We estimate that they will be available some time in the next two weeks.

Wilderness Summary

The wilderness observation area is a five-acre section of unimproved forest land. The most common trees in the area are maple, red oak, cedar, sweet gum, and hickory. The area also includes a small spring. The area is not enclosed by a fence or other man-made barrier. The area is located eight miles from the nearest paved road and twelve miles from the nearest residence. Off-road vehicles were used to bring counters close to, but not entering, the count area. The nearest approach by off-road vehicles was one mile. The table below lists the summary counts.

Species	Current Count	Five years ago	Ten years ago
White-tailed deer	14	12	10
Cottontail rabbit	26	28	25
Swamp rabbit	0	0	2
Mourning dove	18	59	102
Bobwhite quail	5	22	27
Eastern gray squirrel	23	20	31
Fox squirrel	6	11	9
NOTE TO REVIEW COMMITTEE: Don't you think it's time we finally drop the swamp rabbit from the count as an anomaly?			

Though further research any analysis is needed, the drop in mourning dove and bobwhite quail counts could be significant. The detailed count data shows these numbers failing off each year.

Cultivated Land Summary

The cultivated land observation area is a five-acre section of cultivated land near the center of a 50-acre field. The field is used to grow corn, wheat, soybeans, and clover, with the crop rotated annually. In the fifth year of the cycle, the field is left fallow. The area is located two miles from the nearest paved road and one mile from the nearest residence. A storage barn is located at the southern border of the field. The table below lists the summary counts.

Additional Notes

This project was initially scheduled to run for ten years, so we are currently in our last year. The committee needs to decide if it is worth the time and expense to continue the project. The landowners have experience that they would be happy to let us continue. Costs relating to the project is minimal and it does provide an opportunity to offer extra credit to students volunteering as counters. A suggestion has been made by some committee members that we should increase the count frequency, counting on a quarterly schedule instead of an annual schedule. This would need to be coordinated with the owner of the cultivated field so that we do not interfere with planting or harvesting schedules.

Special Thanks

Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to:

We couldn't do this without you.

Add a SmartArt Vertical Bullet List below the text "Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to: ". Add the text "Frank Miller" to the top green shape.

Answer:

See the explanation below.

1. Click SmartArt situated on the Insert tab.
2. Click List from the Choose a SmartArt Graphic gallery, then double-click Vertical Bullet List.
3. Enter text by clicking on the [Text] in the Text pane and add the text "Frank Miller"

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Add-text-inside-or-on-top-of-a-SmartArt-graphic-shape-BDE51168>

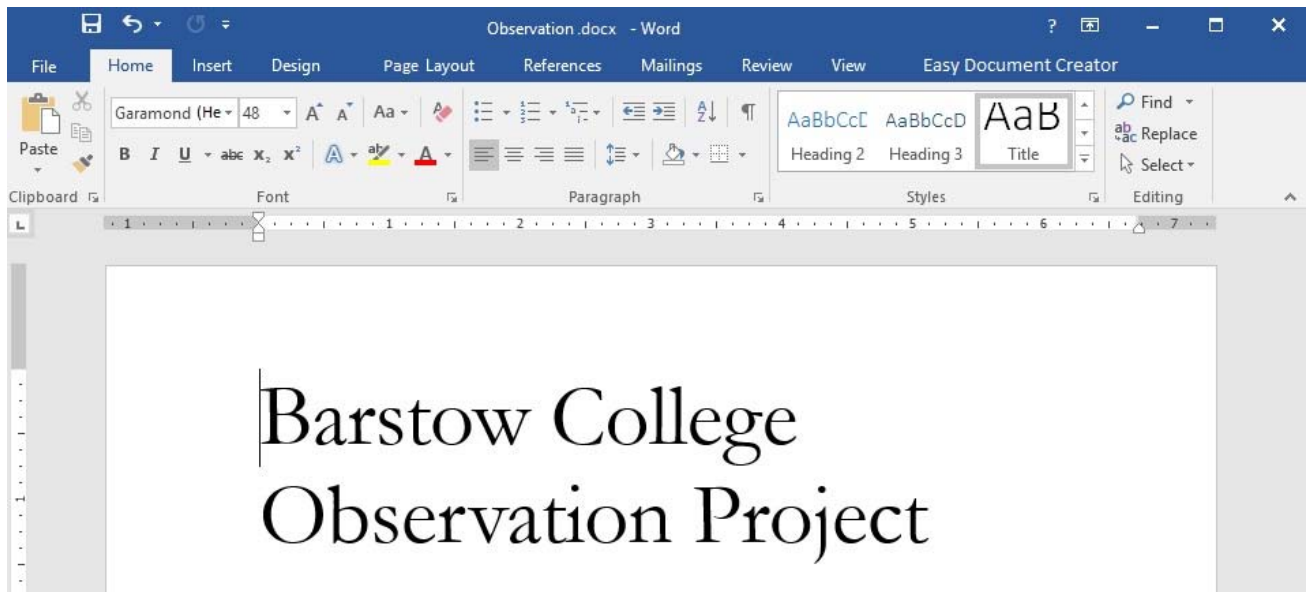
E458-4D82-8A90-18163C6CE21E

2.SIMULATION

Project 1 of 7: Observation

Overview

You are a member of the Barstow College Observation Project committee. You are preparing the initial summary report for this year's count, but have not received all of the data you need to complete the report.



Introduction

The multi-departmental Wildlife Observation Project has completed its wildlife population counts for this year. The counts were made between May 5 and May 7 for both the wilderness and cultivated land areas. This is in line with the count periods for all previous years. The species used for the counts have been identified as common for the region (central Missouri) in which the counts were taken. (Author, 2009) As in previous years, five observation blinds were set up two weeks before the counts were to take place. Counters worked eight-hour shifts providing 24-hour coverage of the count areas for two days. Weather for both observation days was clear and mild (varying between 50-70 degrees F). The results presented here are summary total results only, which counts from five and ten years ago provided for comparison. Detailed observation results will be available as soon as they are completed. We estimate that they will be available some time in the next two weeks.

Wilderness Summary

The wilderness observation area is a five-acre section of unimproved forest land. The most common trees in the area are maple, red oak, cedar, sweet gum, and hickory. The area also includes a small spring. The area is not enclosed by a fence or other man-made barrier. The area is located eight miles from the nearest paved road and twelve miles from the nearest residence. Off-road vehicles were used to bring counters close to, but not entering, the count area. The nearest approach by off-road vehicles was one mile. The table below lists the summary counts.

Species	Current Count	Five years ago	Ten years ago
White-tailed deer	14	12	10
Cottontail rabbit	26	28	25
Swamp rabbit	0	0	2
Mourning dove	18	59	102
Bobwhite quail	5	22	27
Eastern gray squirrel	23	20	31
Fox squirrel	6	11	9
NOTE TO REVIEW COMMITTEE: Don't you think it's time we finally drop the swamp rabbit from the count as an anomaly?			

Though further research any analysis is needed, the drop in mourning dove and bobwhite quail counts could be significant. The detailed count data shows these numbers failing off each year.

Cultivated Land Summary

The cultivated land observation area is a five-acre section of cultivated land near the center of a 50-acre field. The field is used to grow corn, wheat, soybeans, and clover, with the crop rotated annually. In the fifth year of the cycle, the field is left fallow. The area is located two miles from the nearest paved road and one mile from the nearest residence. A storage barn is located at the southern border of the field. The table below lists the summary counts.

Additional Notes

This project was initially scheduled to run for ten years, so we are currently in our last year. The committee needs to decide if it is worth the time and expense to continue the project. The landowners have experience that they would be happy to let us continue. Costs relating to the project is minimal and it does provide an opportunity to offer extra credit to students volunteering as counters. A suggestion has been made by some committee members that we should increase the count frequency, counting on a quarterly schedule instead of an annual schedule. This would need to be coordinated with the owner of the cultivated field so that we do not interfere with planting or harvesting schedules.

Special Thanks

Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to:

We couldn't do this without you.

Add a table with eight rows and four columns in the "Cultivated Land Summary" section, below the text "The table below lists the summary counts."

Answer:

See the explanation below.

1. Click below the text "The table below lists the summary counts." where the table should be inserted.
2. Select Table from the Insert tab.
3. Drag through the grid to set eight rows and four columns (4x8 Table) as desired

OR

1. Click below the text "The table below lists the summary counts." where the table should be inserted.

2. Select Table from the Insert tab.
3. Select Insert Table from the options provided below and type four columns and eight rows in the appropriate boxes, then select OK.

References:

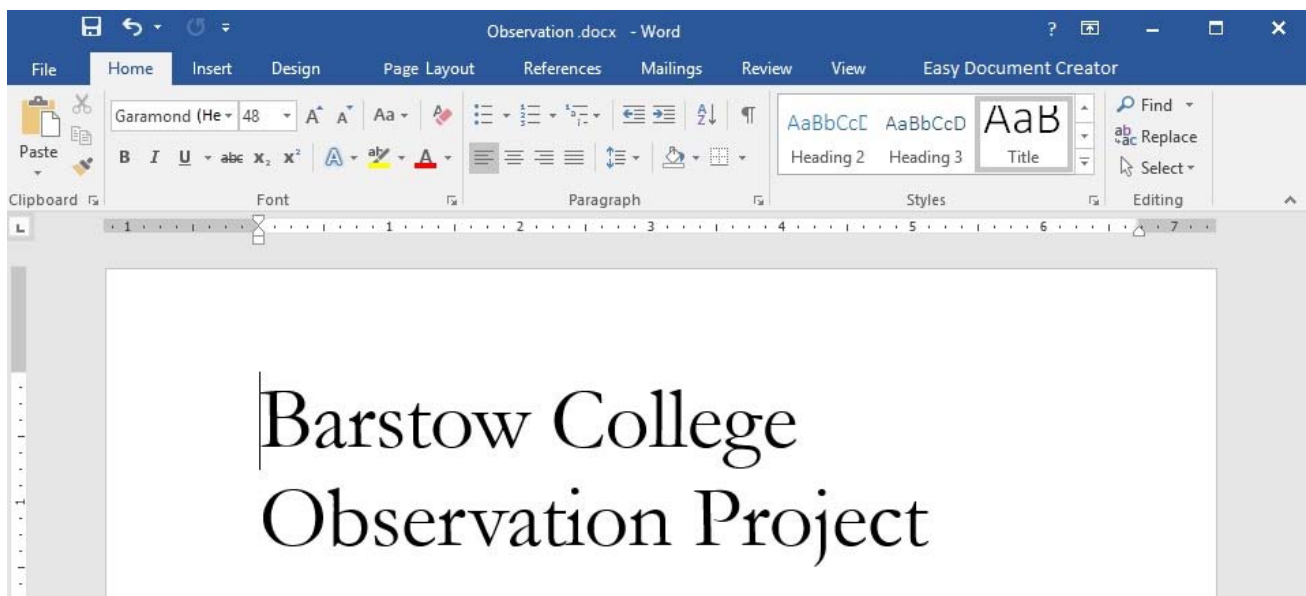
<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Insert-a-table-A138F745-73EF-4879-B99A-2F3D38BE612A>

3.SIMULATION

Project 1 of 7: Observation

Overview

You are a member of the Barstow College Observation Project committee. You are preparing the initial summary report for this year's count, but have not received all of the data you need to complete the report.



Introduction

The multi-departmental Wildlife Observation Project has completed its wildlife population counts for this year. The counts were made between May 5 and May 7 for both the wilderness and cultivated land areas. This is in line with the count periods for all previous years. The species used for the counts have been identified as common for the region (central Missouri) in which the counts were taken. (Author, 2009) As in previous years, five observation blinds were set up two weeks before the counts were to take place. Counters worked eight-hour shifts providing 24-hour coverage of the count areas for two days. Weather for both observation days was clear and mild (varying between 50-70 degrees F). The results presented here are summary total results only, which counts from five and ten years ago provided for comparison. Detailed observation results will be available as soon as they are completed. We estimate that they will be available some time in the next two weeks.

Wilderness Summary

The wilderness observation area is a five-acre section of unimproved forest land. The most common trees in the area are maple, red oak, cedar, sweet gum, and hickory. The area also includes a small spring. The area is not enclosed by a fence or other man-made barrier. The area is located eight miles from the

nearest paved road and twelve miles from the nearest residence. Off-road vehicles were used to bring counters close to, but not entering, the count area. The nearest approach by off-road vehicles was one mile. The table below lists the summary counts.

Species	Current Count	Five years ago	Ten years ago
White-tailed deer	14	12	10
Cottontail rabbit	26	28	25
Swamp rabbit	0	0	2
Mourning dove	18	59	102
Bobwhite quail	5	22	27
Eastern gray squirrel	23	20	31
Fox squirrel	6	11	9
NOTE TO REVIEW COMMITTEE: Don't you think it's time we finally drop the swamp rabbit from the count as an anomaly?			

Though further research any analysis is needed, the drop in mourning dove and bobwhite quail counts could be significant. The detailed count data shows these numbers failing off each year.

Cultivated Land Summary

The cultivated land observation area is a five-acre section of cultivated land near the center of a 50-acre field. The field is used to grow corn, wheat, soybeans, and clover, with the crop rotated annually. In the fifth year of the cycle, the field is left fallow. The area is located two miles from the nearest paved road and one mile from the nearest residence. A storage barn is located at the southern border of the field. The table below lists the summary counts.

Additional Notes

This project was initially scheduled to run for ten years, so we are currently in our last year. The committee needs to decide if it is worth the time and expense to continue the project. The landowners have experience that they would be happy to let us continue. Costs relating to the project is minimal and it does provide an opportunity to offer extra credit to students volunteering as counters. A suggestion has been made by some committee members that we should increase the count frequency, counting on a quarterly schedule instead of an annual schedule. This would need to be coordinated with the owner of the cultivated field so that we do not interfere with planting or harvesting schedules.

Special Thanks

Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to:
We couldn't do this without you.

Merge all cells in the bottom row of the table below the "Wilderness Summary" heading into one cell.

Answer:

See the explanation below.

1. Select the cells in the bottom row of the table below the "Wilderness Summary" which you want to merge.
2. Under Table Tools, on the Layout tab, in the Merge group, select Merge Cells.

OR

1. Select the cells in the bottom row of the table below the “Wilderness Summary” which you want to merge.
2. Right click and select Merge Cells.

References:

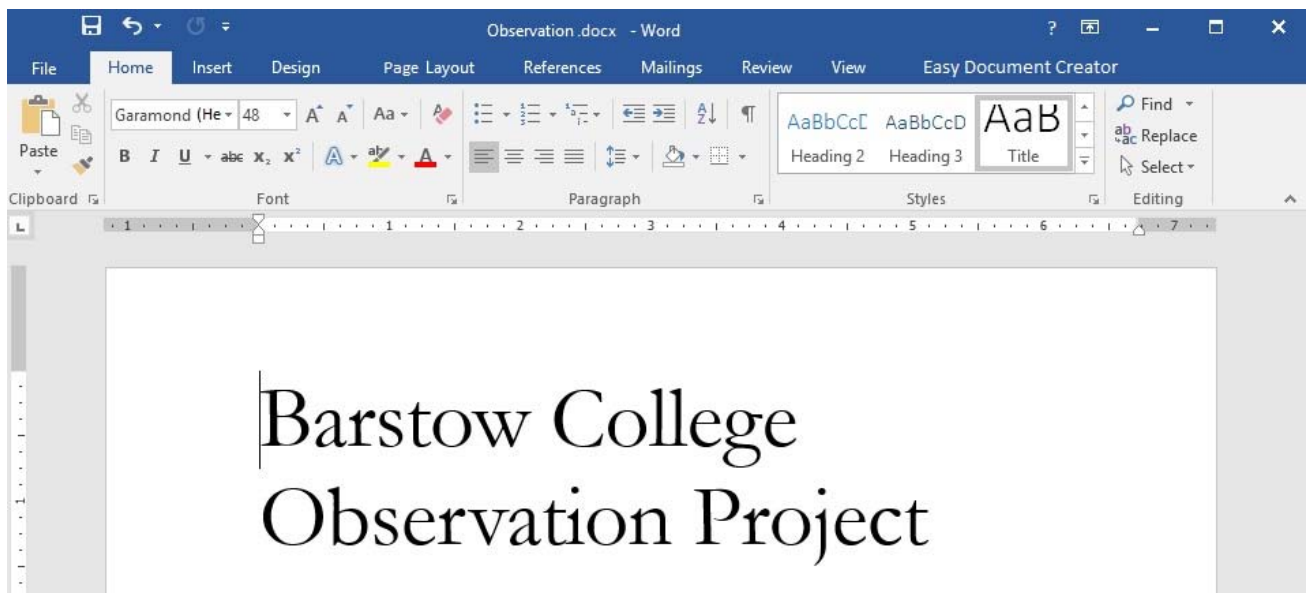
<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Merge-or-split-cells-in-a-table-8B458DEB-0FC5-4C8D-8D94-2D4DA98193F8>

4.SIMULATION

Project 1 of 7: Observation

Overview

You are a member of the Barstow College Observation Project committee. You are preparing the initial summary report for this year’s count, but have not received all of the data you need to complete the report.



Introduction

The multi-departmental Wildlife Observation Project has completed its wildlife population counts for this year. The counts were made between May 5 and May 7 for both the wilderness and cultivated land areas. This is in line with the count periods for all previous years. The species used for the counts have been identified as common for the region (central Missouri) in which the counts were taken. (Author, 2009) As in previous years, five observation blinds were set up two weeks before the counts were to take place. Counters worked eight-hour shifts providing 24-hour coverage of the count areas for two days. Weather for both observation days was clear and mild (varying between 50-70 degrees F). The results presented here are summary total results only, which counts from five and ten years ago provided for comparison. Detailed observation results will be available as soon as they are completed. We estimate that they will be available some time in the next two weeks.

Wilderness Summary

The wilderness observation area is a five-acre section of unimproved forest land. The most common trees

in the area are maple, red oak, cedar, sweet gum, and hickory. The area also includes a small spring. The area is not enclosed by a fence or other man-made barrier. The area is located eight miles from the nearest paved road and twelve miles from the nearest residence. Off-road vehicles were used to bring counters close to, but not entering, the count area. The nearest approach by off-road vehicles was one mile. The table below lists the summary counts.

Species	Current Count	Five years ago	Ten years ago
White-tailed deer	14	12	10
Cottontail rabbit	26	28	25
Swamp rabbit	0	0	2
Mourning dove	18	59	102
Bobwhite quail	5	22	27
Eastern gray squirrel	23	20	31
Fox squirrel	6	11	9
NOTE TO REVIEW COMMITTEE: Don't you think it's time we finally drop the swamp rabbit from the count as an anomaly?			

Though further research any analysis is needed, the drop in mourning dove and bobwhite quail counts could be significant. The detailed count data shows these numbers falling off each year.

Cultivated Land Summary

The cultivated land observation area is a five-acre section of cultivated land near the center of a 50-acre field. The field is used to grow corn, wheat, soybeans, and clover, with the crop rotated annually. In the fifth year of the cycle, the field is left fallow. The area is located two miles from the nearest paved road and one mile from the nearest residence. A storage barn is located at the southern border of the field. The table below lists the summary counts.

Additional Notes

This project was initially scheduled to run for ten years, so we are currently in our last year. The committee needs to decide if it is worth the time and expense to continue the project. The landowners have experience that they would be happy to let us continue. Costs relating to the project is minimal and it does provide an opportunity to offer extra credit to students volunteering as counters. A suggestion has been made by some committee members that we should increase the count frequency, counting on a quarterly schedule instead of an annual schedule. This would need to be coordinated with the owner of the cultivated field so that we do not interfere with planting or harvesting schedules.

Special Thanks

Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to:
We couldn't do this without you.

In the table below the "Wilderness Summary", adjust the column width so that all columns are the same width.

Answer:

See the explanation below.

1. Select the Columns in the table below the “Wilderness Summary”.
2. On the Layout tab, in the Cell Size group, select Distribute Columns.

OR

1. Select the Columns in the table below the “Wilderness Summary”.
2. On the Layout tab, in the Cell Size group, select the Table Column Width box and specify the widths for the columns to the same size.

References:

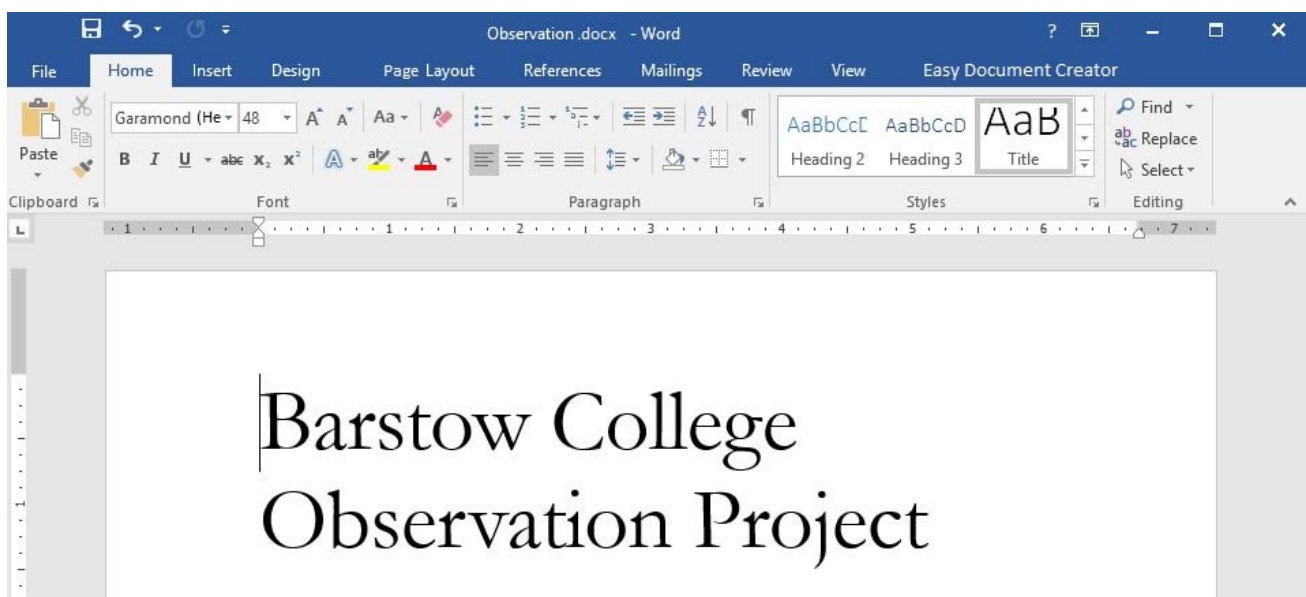
<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Resize-a-table-column-or-row-9340D478-21BE-4392-81CF-488F7BBD6715>

5.SIMULATION

Project 1 of 7: Observation

Overview

You are a member of the Barstow College Observation Project committee. You are preparing the initial summary report for this year’s count, but have not received all of the data you need to complete the report.



Introduction

The multi-departmental Wildlife Observation Project has completed its wildlife population counts for this year. The counts were made between May 5 and May 7 for both the wilderness and cultivated land areas. This is in line with the count periods for all previous years. The species used for the counts have been identified as common for the region (central Missouri) in which the counts were taken. (Author, 2009) As in previous years, five observation blinds were set up two weeks before the counts were to take place. Counters worked eight-hour shifts providing 24-hour coverage of the count areas for two days. Weather for both observation days was clear and mild (varying between 50-70 degrees F). The results presented here are summary total results only, which counts from five and ten years ago provided for comparison. Detailed observation results will be available as soon as they are completed. We estimate that they will be available some time in the next two weeks.

Wilderness Summary

The wilderness observation area is a five-acre section of unimproved forest land. The most common trees in the area are maple, red oak, cedar, sweet gum, and hickory. The area also includes a small spring. The area is not enclosed by a fence or other man-made barrier. The area is located eight miles from the nearest paved road and twelve miles from the nearest residence. Off-road vehicles were used to bring counters close to, but not entering, the count area. The nearest approach by off-road vehicles was one mile. The table below lists the summary counts.

Species	Current Count	Five years ago	Ten years ago
White-tailed deer	14	12	10
Cottontail rabbit	26	28	25
Swamp rabbit	0	0	2
Mourning dove	18	59	102
Bobwhite quail	5	22	27
Eastern gray squirrel	23	20	31
Fox squirrel	6	11	9
NOTE TO REVIEW COMMITTEE: Don't you think it's time we finally drop the swamp rabbit from the count as an anomaly?			

Though further research any analysis is needed, the drop in mourning dove and bobwhite quail counts could be significant. The detailed count data shows these numbers failing off each year.

Cultivated Land Summary

The cultivated land observation area is a five-acre section of cultivated land near the center of a 50-acre field. The field is used to grow corn, wheat, soybeans, and clover, with the crop rotated annually. In the fifth year of the cycle, the field is left fallow. The area is located two miles from the nearest paved road and one mile from the nearest residence. A storage barn is located at the southern border of the field. The table below lists the summary counts.

Additional Notes

This project was initially scheduled to run for ten years, so we are currently in our last year. The committee needs to decide if it is worth the time and expense to continue the project. The landowners have experience that they would be happy to let us continue. Costs relating to the project is minimal and it does provide an opportunity to offer extra credit to students volunteering as counters. A suggestion has been made by some committee members that we should increase the count frequency, counting on a quarterly schedule instead of an annual schedule. This would need to be coordinated with the owner of the cultivated field so that we do not interfere with planting or harvesting schedules.

Special Thanks

Once again, we would like to offer special thanks to:
We couldn't do this without you.

Add a Status of "Requires committee review" to the document properties.

Answer:

See the explanation below.

1. Select the File tab and select Info.
2. Click on Properties at the top of the page and then select Advanced Properties.
3. Select the Custom tab.
4. In the Name box, select or type a name for the custom property, in this case it would be "Status".
5. In the Type list, select "Text".
6. In the Value box, type "Requires committee review", then click OK.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/View-or-change-the-properties-for-an-Office-file-21D604C2-481E-4379-8E54-1DD4622C6B75>