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Q&A

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Exam : 1Z0-808

Title : Java SE 8 Programmer I

Version : DEMO

1.Given:

```
class Product {
    double price;
}

public class Test {
    public void updatePrice(Product product, double price) {
        price = price * 2;
        product.price = product.price + price;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Product prt = new Product();
        prt.price = 200;
        double newPrice = 100;

        Test t = new Test();
        t.updatePrice(prt, newPrice);
        System.out.println(prt.price + " : " + newPrice);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 200.0: 100.0
- B. 400.0: 200.0
- C. 400.0: 100.0
- D. Compilation fails.

Answer: C

2.Which statement is true about the switch statement?

- A. It must contain the default section.
- B. The break statement, at the end of each case block, is optional.
- C. Its case label literals can be changed at runtime.
- D. Its expression must evaluate to a collection of values.

Answer: B

3.Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    String date = LocalDate
        .parse("2014-05-04")
        .format(DateTimeFormatter.ISO_DATE_TIME);
    System.out.println(date);
}
```

- A. May 04, 2014T00:00:00.000
- B. 2014-05-04T00:00: 00.000
- C. 5/4/14T00:00:00.000
- D. An exception is thrown at runtime.

Answer: B

4. Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Short s1 = 200;  
    Integer s2 = 400;  
    Long s3 = (long) s1 + s2;           //line n1  
    String s4 = (String) (s3 * s2);    //line n2  
    System.out.println("Sum is " + s4);  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Sum is 600
- B. Compilation fails at line n1.
- C. Compilation fails at line n2.
- D. A ClassCastException is thrown at line n1.
- E. A ClassCastException is thrown at line n2.

Answer: C

5. What is the name of the Java concept that uses access modifiers to protect variables and hide them within a class?

- A. Encapsulation
- B. Inheritance
- C. Abstraction
- D. Instantiation
- E. Polymorphism

Answer: A

Explanation:

Using the private modifier is the main way that an object encapsulates itself and hide data from the outside world.

Reference: http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java_access_modifiers.htm